

INSTITUT KOMUNIKASI DAN BISNIS LSPR FAKULTAS PASCASARJANA PROGRAM STUDI MAGISTER ILMU KOMUNIKASI

CODE RPS/PGP/S2/ODD/LIM

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

SUBJECT	CODE	MK Cluster	WEIGHT (credits)	SEMESTER	Date of Compilation			
Leadership and Innovation Management	MGT7081		3 credits	3	February 2022			
	RPS Deve	lopment Lecturer	RMK (Coordinator	Head of Study Program			
Authority/Approval	Taufan Akbari, Ph.D.		Dr. Anita	Rosana, MA.	Dr. Andika Witono, MM			
	CPL - Study Program charged to the Constitutional Court							
		P1 – Philosophy of colepistemology, axiology	ommunication science and communication research paradigms which include ontology, gy, and methodology.					
Learning Outcomes	CPL 1 – P1		design innovation-based leadership models or strategies that are based on the results of scientific nical reflections, and take into account the complexities of contemporary social, cultural, and nology.					
	CPL 2 – P2		tion theory with various communication science contexts to produce innovative work and solve ty in the field of communication science or the communication industry.					
	CFL 2 - F2	Students are able to design innovative and adaptive communication leadership strategies, by integrating communication theory and management practice to respond to challenges and dynamics in society and the communication industry.						

CPL 3 – KU5	KU5 – Able to make decisions in order to solve problems in the development of science and technology that pay attention to and apply humanities values based on analytical or experimental studies of information and data. Students are able to make strategic decisions based on analytical or experimental studies in developing leadership and innovation models that are relevant to developments in communication science and technology.
CPL 4 – KK2	KK2 – Able to produce scientific works in the form of a thesis or other equivalent form of final assignment, and published works in national or international accredited journals, and/or national or international seminar proceedings. Students are able to create research works that can contribute to problems in the field of organizational management in the context of communication.
CPL 5 – S3	S3 — Contributing to improving the quality of life in society, the nation, the state, and the progress of civilization based on <i>Pancasila</i> . Students are able to design leadership strategies that are inclusive, participatory, and oriented towards community empowerment by prioritizing sustainability, diversity, and social justice as the basis for communication innovation.
Course Learni	ng Outcomes (CPMK)
	Students will be able to understand and analyze leadership theories and innovation management principles in various organizational contexts. They will also be able to evaluate innovation-based leadership strategies by considering cultural factors, technology, and the dynamics of organizational change.
CPMK 1	Related CPL codes: P1 – Able to design innovation-based leadership models or strategies that are based on the results of scientific studies and philosophical reflections, and take into account the complexities of contemporary social, cultural and communication technology.
	✓ P2 – Able to design innovative and adaptive communication leadership strategies, by integrating communication theory and management practices to respond to challenges and dynamics in society and the communication industry.

СРМК	Students will be able to design and present innovation strategies based on visionary leadership in actual case studies. They will also be able to implement decision-making simulations as leaders in organizational contexts requiring change and adaptation. Related CPL codes: KU5 – Able to make strategic decisions based on analytical or experimental studies in developing leadership and innovation models that are relevant to developments in communication science and technology. KK2 – Create research work that can contribute to problems in the field of organizational management in the context of communication.
CPMK 3	Students demonstrate openness to new ideas, collaboration within teams, and responsibility in every aspect of planning and implementing innovation within the organization. Students also demonstrate initiative and integrity in leadership. Related CPL codes: S3 – Able to design leadership strategies that are inclusive, participatory, and oriented towards community empowerment by prioritizing sustainability, diversity, and social justice as the basis for communication innovation.

Correlation of CPL to Sub-CPMK

Sub- CPMK	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
CPL1	√	1	√	√	√	√	V	Mid- term exa m							Fina l Exa m
CPL2		1	√	V	√	√	√	Mid- term exa m	√	√	√	√	√	V	Fina l Exa m
CPL3				√	√	√	V	Mid- term exa m		√	V	√	√	V	Fina 1 Exa m
CPL4								Mid- term exa m	√	\checkmark	V	√	√	V	Fina 1 Exa m
CPL5								Mid- term exa m		V	V	√	V	V	Fina 1 Exa m

Brief Description of MK

This course explores the concepts of strategic leadership and innovation management in modern organizations in depth. Students will understand the role of leadership in creating an innovative culture, driving organizational transformation, and managing change effectively. The course also emphasizes the importance of critical thinking, cross-disciplinary collaboration, and adaptive skills in facing challenges in the digital age. Students will be equipped with theory, case studies, and practical applications to develop transformative and innovative leadership competencies in business and societal contexts.

1. The Concept of Strategic Leadership

- Differences in leadership styles and approaches
- Transformational vs transactional leadership
- Leadership in the context of today's organizations

References:

- Buku: Northouse, P. G. (2021). Leadership: Theory and Practice (9th ed.). SAGE Publications.
- Jurnal: Bass, B. M., & Riggio, R. E. (2018). "Transformational Leadership and Performance Across Criteria and Levels: A Meta-Analytic Review." *Leadership Quarterly*, 29(6), 695-706.

2. Inovasi dalam Organisasi

Study Material: Learning materials

- Teori dan model inovasi
- Proses difusi inovasi
- Inovasi disruptif dan digital

Referensi:

- Buku: Christensen, C. M., Raynor, M. E., & McDonald, R. (2015). What is Disruptive Innovation? Harvard Business Review Press.
- Journal: Susanto, A. (2020). "Innovation Management Model in Government Organizations." *Journal of Public Administration*, 17(1), 22-35.

3. Change Management and Adaptation

- Strategies for dealing with resistance to change
- Leadership in times of crisis
- Change communication model

References:

• Books: Kotter, J.P. (2018). Leading Change. Harvard Business Review Press.

	• Journal: Hermawan, A. (2019). "The Role of Leaders in Change Management in the Digital Era." <i>Journal of Communication and Management</i> , 5(2), 101–112. 4. Ethical Issues, Crisis, and Risk Management in Financial Communication
	4. Organizational Culture and Collaborative Innovation
	 Building an innovative culture Cross-functional and cross-generational collaboration The role of leadership in managing multicultural teams References: Books: Schein, E. H., & Schein, P. (2017). Organizational Culture and Leadership (5th ed.). Wiley. Journal: Lestari, D., & Hidayat, A. (2021). "Inclusive Leadership and Culture of Innovation in the Public Sector." Journal of Administrative Sciences, 18(1), 45–60.
	5. Innovation Strategy and Its Implementation
	 Innovation strategy planning Risk management in innovation Case studies of innovation success References: Books: Tidd, J., & Bessant, J. (2020). Managing Innovation: Integrating Technological, Market and Organizational Change (7th ed.). Wiley. Journal: Nugroho, Y. (2022). "Strategic Innovation in Indonesian Startups: Case Studies and Managerial Implications." Journal of Technology and Business, 10(2), 87–99.
	Main
Library	1. Northouse, P. G. (2021). Leadership: Theory and Practice (9th ed.). SAGE Publications. (Book)

	 Christensen, C.M., et al. (2015). What is Disruptive Innovation? Harvard Business Review Press. (Book) Kotter, J. P. (2018). Leading Change. Harvard Business Review Press. (Book) Schein, E. H., & Schein, P. (2017). Organizational Culture and Leadership (5th ed.). Wiley. (Book) Tidd, J., & Bessant, J. (2020). Managing Innovation (7th ed.). Wiley. (Book) Bass, B. M., & Riggio, R. E. (2018). "Transformational Leadership and Performance." Leadership Quarterly. (Journal) Nugroho, Y. (2022). "Strategic Innovation in Indonesian Startups." Journal of Technology and Business. (Journal)
	Supporters
	 Susanto, A. (2020). "Innovation Management Model in Government Organizations." Journal of Public Administration. (Journal) Hermawan, A. (2019). "The Role of Leaders in Change Management." Journal of Communication and Management. (Journal) Lestari, D., & Hidayat, A. (2021). "Inclusive Leadership and Culture of Innovation." Journal of Administrative Sciences. (Journal) Yusra, M. (2022). Leadership in Public Organizations. Deepublish. (Book) Saraswati, T. (2020). Innovation and Digital Transformation in the Era of Industry 4.0. Prenada Media. (Book) Ghozali, I., & Latan, H. (2015). Partial Least Squares: Concepts, Techniques, and Applications of SmartPLS 2.0. Diponegoro University Publishing House. (Book)
Instructional Media	Software: Power Point, Google Form. Hardware: Computer, <i>Infocus, Whiteboard,</i> Marker. Learning Methods: Case based Learning, Project Based Learning, and Research based Learning
Supporting lecturer	Taufan Akbari, Ph.D.
Course Requirements	There isn't any

Sunday to-	Final ability of each learning stage	Evaluation	Form of Learning; Learning Methods;	Learning materials	Assessmen t Weight
10-	(Sub-CPMK)		Student Assignments		(%)

			[Estimated Time]				
		Indicator	Criteria & Techniques	Offline	Online		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Week 2	Final Competence of Each Learning Stage (Sub-CPMK)	Evaluation	Learning Format; Learning Method; Student Assignments [Time Estimate]	Learning Materials [Library]	Assessmen t Weight (%)
1	basic concepts of leadership and its relationship to organizational	Able to explain and understand the basic concepts of leadership and innovation.	Explanation of material (60'), discussion and questions and answers (90')	Northouse (2021) Chapter 1; Bass & Riggio (2018) Chapter 1	4%
2	differences in leadership styles and their relevance in creating	Able to differentiate leadership styles in the context of innovation.	Explanation of material (60'), discussion and questions and answers (90')	Northouse (2021) Chapter 1; Lestari & Hidayat (2021) Chapter 1	4%
3	concept of organizational innovation and the role of	Able to explain the concept of organizational innovation in the context of communication.	Explanation of material (60'), discussion and case study (90')	Christensen et al. (2018). Disruptive Innovation: An Intellectual History and Directions for Future Research. Journal of Management Studies , 55(7).	4%
/	Students are able to evaluate leadership strategies in encouraging	Able to explain leadership strategies in order to build	Explanation of material (60'), case study analysis (30')	Schein & Schein (2017) Chapter 2; Lestari & Hidayat (2021) Chapter 2	4%

		collaboration and a culture of innovation.			
5	Students are able to relate leadership approaches to managing multicultural and digital teams.	Able to analyze and evaluate	Guest lecture (90'), Q&A & reflective discussion (60')	Kotter (2018) Chapter 2; Hermawan (2019) Chapter 2	4%
	change management process and	principles of crisis	Explanation of material (60'), case studies and journal reviews (90')	Kotter (2018) Chapter 3; Ghozali & Latan (2015) Chapter 3	2.5%
7	strategies to face organizational	l	Problem solving (120'), simulation (30')	Tidd & Bessant (2020) Chapter 3; Yusra (2022) Chapter 1.	5%
8	Mid-Semester Exam (UTS)	Evaluation of understanding of the theory and application of organizational communication.	Case study based exams or written tests.	Reference to previous material.	20%
9	innovation models applied in digital-based organizations	organizational innovation	(60'), discussion and O&A presentation (90')	. ,	4%
10	obstacles and success factors in implementing innovation	Able to explain the obstacles to successful	Explanation of material (60'), discussion and Q&A, presentation (90')	Tidd & Bessant (2020); Nugroho (2022)	4%
11	innovative leadership models based		Corporate social media discussion (120')	Northouse (2021) Chapter 5; Bass & Riggio (2018) Chapter 3	4%
12	Impact of innovation on		Explanation of material (60'), case study (90')	Schein & Schein (2017) Chapter 4; Lestari & Hidayat (2021) Chapter 5	4%

13		Able to analyze the concept of organizational leadership.		Kotter (2018); Hermawan (2019)	2.5%
14	Students are able to develop innovation-based strategic plans for organizational improvement.	Preparation of proposals	Strategy workshop (120'), proposal mentoring (30')	Tidd & Bessant (2020); Ghozali & Latan (2015)	2.5%
15	Students are able to present innovative ideas in professional forums ethically and responsibly.	Final presentation	Project presentation (120'), panel discussion (30')	-	
16	Final Semester Exam (UAS)	, e	Communication project presentation or case study based exam.	Reference to previous material.	30%

Approved, Date: April 25, 2025	Checked, Date:	Created, Date:
Head of the study program	Course Coordination/Field of Expertise	The lecturer in question
(Dr. Andika Witono, MM)	(Taufa Teguh Akbari, Ph.D.)	()

Check : Quality Assurance Unit		
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Notes:

- 1. Study Program Graduate Learning Outcomes (CPL-PRODI) are the abilities possessed by each PRODI graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the study program level obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The CPL charged to a course is a number of learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-PRODI) which are used to form/develop a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, specific skills and knowledge.
- 3. Course CP (CPMK) is a capability that is specifically described from the CPL that is assigned to the course, and is specific to the study material or learning material of the course.
- 4. Sub-CP Course (Sub-CPMK) is a capability that is specifically described from SPMK that can be measured or observed and is the final capability planned at each stage of learning, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. The assessment indicators for students' learning process and outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify students' learning outcomes or abilities, accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment criteria are benchmarks used to measure or quantify learning achievement in assessments based on established indicators. Assessment criteria serve as guidelines for assessors to ensure consistent and unbiased assessments. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Assessment techniques: tests and non-tests
- 8. Forms of learning: Lectures, Responses, Tutorials, Seminars or equivalent, and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials that can be presented in the form of several main and sub-main topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of the assessment for each sub-CPMK achievement, the amount of which is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving the sub-CPMK, and the total is 100%.
- 12. **TM**= Face to Face, **PT**= Structured Assignment, **BM**= Independent Learning.

Assessment Components:

The assessment process in this course is divided into 4 components, including the following:

a. Presence.

This component has a point value of 10% of the total face-to-face meetings in class.

b. Task.

During each semester, students are required to complete a minimum of four assignments, consisting of two independent assignments and two group assignments. These assignments are given twice before the midterm exam and twice after the midterm exam, or before the final exam. The total assignments are worth 40% of the points.

c. UTS (Mid Semester Exam).

The mid-term exam (UTS) is conducted in the eighth week of the semester. It assesses students' final abilities based on the learning material/topics from the first to seventh semesters. The UTS can take the form of a written exam, presentation, independent or group assignment, or other tasks, depending on the learning method. The UTS grade is weighted at 20%.

d. UAS (End of Semester Exam).

The final exam (UAS) is conducted in the 16th week of the total number of meetings. The UAS assesses students' final abilities based on the learning material/topics planned from meetings 9 to 15. The UAS can take the form of a written exam, presentation, independent or group assignment, or other forms, depending on the learning method. The UAS grade is weighted at 30%.

Assessment Rubric

Level/Grade	Numbers/Scores	Job Description/Indicators
A	90.00 – 100	This is the achievement of superior students, namely those who follow lectures very well, understand the material very well and are even challenged to understand it further, have a high level of proactivity and creativity in seeking information related to the material, are able to solve problems with perfect accuracy and are even able to recognize real problems in

		society/industry and are able to propose solution concepts.
A-	85.00 – 89.99	This is the achievement of students who follow lectures very well, understand the material very well, have a high level of proactivity and creativity in seeking information related to the material, and are able to solve problems/assignments with very good accuracy.
B+	80.00 – 84.99	This is the achievement of students who follow lectures well, are able to understand the material and are able to solve problems/assignments with very good accuracy.
E	≤79,99	This is the achievement of students who do not carry out assignments and do not understand the material at all.